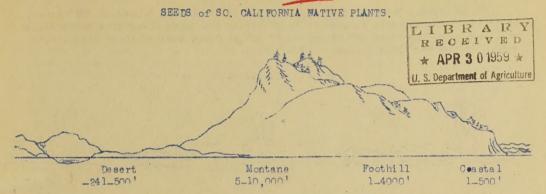
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COLLECTOR_DISTRIBUTOR: ELSIE W. CISLER, ROUTE 2, BOX 89_A, HEMET, CALIF.



SELECTED ANNUALS

ABPONIA VILLOSA PINETORUM "Sand Verbena" \$1.25 oz.; \$12.50 lb. 1959 crop.

ARGEMONE PLATYCERAS HISPIDA "Prickly Poppy" \$1.00 oz.; 3 oz. for \$2.50

CUCUURBITA PAIMATA "Desert Gourd" "Coyote Melon" 75d oz.; 1/4 lb. \$2.50. 1959 crop.

ERYTHRAEA VENUSTA "Pink Gentian" 1/8 oz. \$1.25

GERAEA CANESCENS "Desert Sunflower" tr. pkts. only

GILIA DIANTHCIDES "Fringed Gilia" 1/8 oz. \$1.50

LUPINUS DENSIFLORUS "White Lupine" \$1.00 oz.; 2 oz. for \$1.75

" SUCCULENTUS "Blue Bonnet Lupine" \$1.00 oz.

MIMULUS BREVIPES "Yellow Monkeyflower" 1/8 oz. \$1.00; 1/4 oz. \$1.75

SALVIA CARDUACEA "Thistle Bage" \$1.75 oz.; 2 oz. for \$3.00

REMINDER: Have you made special note for tentative orders of "##" items,—
to advise me in the near future, at least before May 30th? Your kind co-operation
will encourage the extra effort needed to get at least some of these long-wanted
seeds "in the bag" this season. THANK YOU!



SO. CALIFORNIA MATIVE SEEDS :: 1959 WHOLESALE PRICE LIST.

Collector_Distributor: Elsie W. Cisler, Route 2, Box 89_A, Hemet, Calif.

NOTE: Several consecutive seasons of below normal rainfall in So. Calif. have caused numerous wildcrop failures. Every effort is made to obtain such seeds as become available, and to furnish only high quality, viable seeds true to name. Since stocks fluctuate from week to week, it is sometimes necessary to ship parts of orders as ready, with the understanding that the customer is booked for a reasonable time for the remaining items. It is most helpful to receive your want lists in advance of the collecting season, particularly for large quantities. Present costs of travel as well as overlapping dates of seed maturity for items several hundred miles apart, emphasize careful planning of the frequent fieldtrips from April through December.

TERMS: Cash with order for all new customers; within ten days of receipt of or-der for those whose credit is established. Parcel Post is extra and added to statements. Trade packets, 50%, can be supplied of anything listed; also of many other natives from my territory when in stock. Please do not ask for special lists.

PLEASE express your interest before May 30 in items marked ##.

c. s. t "clean seed" d. b.: "dried berries"

TREES & SHRUBS

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS GLAUCA ARCTOSTAPHYLOS BICCLOR " PUNGENS DRUPACEA " TOMENTOSA GLANDULCSA (Eastwood) All Manzanitas d. b. \$3.00 lb. Fall 1959

ATRIPLEX HYMENELYTRA "Desert Holly" 1 oz. \$1.00

BERBERIS FREMONTII "Desert Barberry" 1959 crop if available. ## BERBERIS FREMONTII "Desert Barberry" " 1959 crop if available. "#

CALLIANDRA ERIOPHYLLA "Fairy Duster" 1 02. \$1.00; \$ \$1.75

CALLISTEMON VIMINALIS "Weeping Bottlebrush" (non-native) \$3.00 oz.

CASSIA ARMATA "Desert Senna" tr. pkts. only. CASSIA CCVESII "Coues S." tr. pkts. only. CASSIA CRASSIFOLIUS "Thickleaf C." 1950 crop if available, \$1.50 oz.

" CYANEUS "San Diego Lilac" 1959 crop. \$2.00 oz.

" CYANEUS "San Diego Lilac" 1959 crop. \$2.00 oz.

" DIVARICATUS (LEUCODERMIS) "Mt. Blue Lilac" 1959 crop. \$1.75 oz.

" PALMERI "Mt. "White Lilac" 1959 crop. \$1.75 oz.

" TOMENTOSUS CLIVACEUS "Coast Blue Lilac" \$1.50 oz.

" VERRUCOSUS "Coast "White Lilac" 1950 crop. \$2.00 oz.

CERCIDIUM TORREYANUM "Palo Verde" 75% oz.; 1/4 lb. \$2.50

CERCIDIUM TORREYANUM "Palo Verde" 75% oz.; 1/4 lb. \$2.50

CERCICARPUS BETULOIDES "Mt. Mahogany" "Elmbrush" \$1.50 oz.

CHILOPSIS LINEARIS "Desert Catalpa" \$1.00 oz.; \$3.00 l/4 lb.

CNECOCARPUS BETULOIDES "Mt. Mahogany" "Elmbrush" \$1.50 oz.

CHILOPSIS LINEARIS "Desert Catalpa" \$1.00 oz.; \$3.00 l/4 lb.

CNECOIDIUM DUMOSUM "Wild Orange" "Coast Spice Bush" d. b. 75% oz.; \$2.50 l/4 lb.

CNECRIBIUM DUMOSUM "Wild Orange" "Coast Spice Bush" d. b. 75% oz.; \$2.50 l/4 lb.

CNECRIBIUM DUMOSUM "Teate Cypress" \$1.50 oz.

DALEA SCHOTTII "Desert Indigobush" d. b. tr. pkts. only.

" SPINOSA "Smoketree" c. s. 1/4 oz. \$1.00; l/2 oz. \$1.75. 1959 crop.

DENDROMECON RIGIDA "Bush Poppy" tr. pkts. only.

ENCELIA FARINGSA "Incienso" & ENCELIA CALIFORNICA "Coast Encelia" tr. pkts. only.

ENCELIA FARINGSA "Incienso" & ENCELIA CALIFORNICA "Coast Encelia" tr. pkts. only.

ENCELIA FARINGSA "Incienso" & ENCELIA CALIFORNICA "Coast Encelia" tr. pkts. only.

ENCELIA PARIMOSA "Incienso" & ENCELIA CALIFORNICA "Coast Encelia" tr. pkts. only. ENUCLIA FARINCIA "Incienso" & ENCIPIA CALIFORNICA "Coast Encelia" tr. pkts. only
ERIOGONUM UMBELLATUM "Sulphurflr Buckwheat"; E. u. STELLATUM(dwarf)tr. pkts.only
FALLUGIA PARADOXA "Apache Plume" tr. pkts. only
FOUQUIERIA SPLENDENS "Ocotillo" \$1.00 per 100 seeds, or generous tr. pkts. d. b.
FREMONTIA CALIFORNICA "Flamelbush" \$2.75 oz. 1959 crop. ##

" MEXICANA "Fremontia" \$2.00 oz.
HELIANTHEMUM SCCPARIUM ALDERSONII "Interior Rockrose" 1/4 oz. \$1.00; 1/2 oz. \$1.75 HELIANTHEMUM SCCPARIUM ALDERSONII "Interior Rockrose" 1/4 oz. \$1.00; 1/2 oz. \$1.0 MALVASTRUM DENSIFLORUM "San Jacinto False Mallow" tr. pkts. only
MIMULUS ARIDUS "San Diego Monkeyflower" (rare dwarf) tr. pkts. only
"LONGIFLORUS LINEARIS "Mt. Bush Monkeyflower" 1/8 oz. \$1.50
"PUMICEUS "S. D. Red Bush Monkeyflower" 1/8 oz. \$1.75
NICOTIANA GLAUCA "Tree Tobacco" \$2.00 oz.
CLNEYA TESCTA "Desert Ironwood" 75% oz.; \$2.00 1/4 lb.
PINUS PARRYANA "Parry Nutpine" \$1.25 oz.; \$12.50 lb. (100% tested). 1959 Fall.
PINUS PARRYANA "Torrey Pine" \$6.90 lb. (100% tested) Available all year.

PLATANUS RACEMOSA "California Sycamore" \$1.00 oz. c. 8.
PROSOPSIS PUBESCENS "Screwbean Mesagite" \$2.00 lb. d. b. (pods ornamental).
PRUNUS DEMISSA "Western Choke cherry" d. b. \$1.00 1/4 lb.; \$3.00 lb.
"ERIOGYNA "Desert Apricot" 1959 crop if available.
"FASCICULATA "Desert Almond" d. b. \$1.50 1/4 lb.
"ILICIFOLIA "Hollyleaf Cherry" c. s. \$2.50 lb. 1959 crop if available. MALVASTRUM DENSIFLORUM "San Jacinto False Mallow" tr. pkts. only

QUERCUS AGRIFCLIA "Coast Live Cak"

" a. OXYADENIA "Interior Live Cak"

" CHRYSCLEPIS "Goldencup Cak" QUERCUS ENGELMANNII Mesa Blue Cak# "GANDERI "Gander Oak" (nat. hybrid)
"KELLOGGII "Black Oak" " DUMOSA "Scrub Oak"

d. TURBINELLA "Desert Scrub Oak" " MOREHUS (natural hybrid)
" PALMERI "Scrub Golden cup Cak" QUERCUS WISLIZEMII FRUTESCENS "Scrub Live Oak"

All Quercus spp. available only in late fall and early winter. Advance orders please.

From \$1.50 to \$2.00 lb., all 100% tested.

RHAMNUS CALIFORNICA & R. c. TOMENTELLA "Coffee Berry" d. b. \$1.00 oz.

"ILICIFOLIA "Hollyleaf Redberry" c. s. \$1.25 oz.

RHUS INTEGRIFOLIA "Lemonade Berry" d. b. \$3.50 lb. 1959 crop.

"OVATA "Sugar Berry" d. b. \$3.50 lb.; 2 lbs. \$6.00; 3 lbs. \$8.50

"TRILORATA "Squawbush" d. b. tr. pkts. if available 1959.

RCMNEYA COULTERI "Matilija Poppy" \$2.00 oz.; 2 or more oz. \$1.75 oz.

\$ALVIA APIANA "White or Bee Sage" \$1.75 oz.

"CARNOSA "Desert Blue Sage" \$1/4 oz. \$1.00; 1 oz. \$3.50

"CLEVELANDII "Fragrant Blue Sage" 1/4 oz. \$1.00; 1 oz. \$3.50. 1959 crop

SIMMONDSIA CALIFORNICA "Goatnut" "Jajoba" \$1.00 oz.; \$5.00 lb.

SPHAERALCEA AMBIGUA "Apricot or Desert Mallow" tr. pkts. only.

TETRACOCCUS DIOICUS "San Diego Tetracoccus" c. s. \$1.50 oz.

TRICHOSTEMA LANATUM "Wooly Bluecurls" tr. pkts. only.

YUCCA BACCATA "Banana Yucca" ** 1959 crop if available. *** QUERCUS WISLIZENII FRUTESCENS "Scrub Live Oak"

YUCCA BACCATA "Banana Yucca" 44 1959 crop if available. 44

"BREVIFOLIA "Joshua Tree" 1959 crop. \$1.00 oz.; \$10.00 lb.
"MCHAVENSIS "Mojave Yucca" 1959 crop. 75% oz.; \$6.00 lb.
"WHIPPLEI "Lord's Candle Yucca" 75% oz.; \$3.50 lb.

SELECTED BULBS

BLOCMERIA CROCEA "Golden Stare" \$1.25 1/4 oz.; \$2.00 1/2 oz.

CALOCHORTUS "Mariposa Lilies" Separate species or Mixture, \$4.00 oz.; \$1.25 1/4 oz.

C. DUNNII "Dunn's M." ("hite, brown and yellow markings).

C. CONCOLOR "Goldenbowl M." (Large bright yellow, purple_brown marks).

C. KENNEDYI "Desert M. "(Flame red, black spot petal bases) If 1959 crop. **

C. K. var. AUREUS (Yellow form of above). If 1959 crop available. **

C. NUTTALLII var. AUSTRALIS "Nuttall M." (Light purple form of "Sego Lily").

C. PLUMMERAE "Plummer's M." (Type is purple with yellow hairs; color var. here).
C. PLUMMERAE "Plummer's M." (Type is purple with yellow hairs; color var. here).
C. SPLENDENS "Lilac M." (Often pinkish; usually maroon spot petal bases).
C. WEEDII "Fringed M." (Orange-yellow, heavily hair_covered inside, brown lines.)
HESPEROCALLIS UNDULATA "Desert Lily" 1/4 oz. \$1.25; oz. \$4.00.
LILIUM BLOMERIANUM "Bloomer's Tiger Lily" 1/4 oz. \$1.25; oz. \$4.00.

* PARRYI "Lemon Lily 1/8 oz. 1.00. 1959 crop, if any.

SELECTED PERENNIALS

AQUILEGIA TRUNCATA "Columbine" 1/8 oz. 01.00; 1/4 oz. 01.75

ASTRAGALUS COCCINEUS "Scarlet Locoweed" 1/4 oz. 01.50; oz. 05.00

CORECPSIS MARITIMA "Sea Dahlia" tr. pkts. only.

DELPHINIUM CARDINALE "Scarlet Larkspur" 1/4 oz. 01.00; oz. 03.50. 1959 crop.

" PARRYI "Parry's Blue Larkspur" 1/4 oz. 75¢; oz. 02.50

DI CENTRA CHRYSANTHA "Golden Eardrops" 02.00 oz.

DODECATHEON CLEVELANDI I "Cleveland Sho tingstar" 1/4 oz. 01.00; oz. 03.75. '59 crop. DODECATHEON CLEVELANDII "Cleveland Shootingstar" 1/4 oz. \$1.00; oz. \$3.75.

EKYSIMUM ASPERUM "Western Wallflower" (Mt.) Biennial. tr. pkts. only.

" CAPITATUM "Coastal Wallflower" Biennial. 1/4 oz. \$1.00; oz. \$3.50

FRASERA PARRYI "Deer's Ears" "Green Gentian" Biennial. tr. pkts. only.

LINUM LEWISII "Blue Flax" 1/4 oz. \$1.00; oz. \$3.75

LUPINUS FORMOSUS "Field Lupine" \$1.75 oz.

" EMINENS (L. BRITTONII) "Silver Lupine" \$1.50 oz.

MENTZELIA LAEVICAULIS "Blazing Star" Biennial. 1/4 oz. \$1.00; oz. \$3.75

MONARDELLA MACRANTHA "Scarlot Monardella" tr. pkts. only.

OENOTHERA CALIFORNICA "White Evening Primroge" 1/4 oz. \$1.00 OENOTHERA CALIFORNICA "White Evening Primroge" 1/4 oz. 1.00

PABONIA BROWNII "Western Pageny" 75% oz. 1959 crop.

PENSTEMON ANTIRRHINOIDES "Yellow Bush P." PENSTEMON GRINNELLII (var. P. Palmeri)

"AMBIGUUS var. THURBERI "Desert Bush P." "HETEROPHYLLUS AUSTRALIS "Violot.P."

"BRIDGESII "Pine Penstemen" "LABROSUS "Scarlot P."

"CENTRANTHIFOLIUS "Scarlot Bugler" "PALMERI "Fink Penstemen"

"CLEVELANDII "Cleveland P." "PARRYI "Parry P." (So. Ariz.)

"PARRYI "Parry P." (So. Ariz.)

"CRDIFOLIUS "Climbing P." 1959 crop. All PENSTEMON SPP. 2.00 oz.

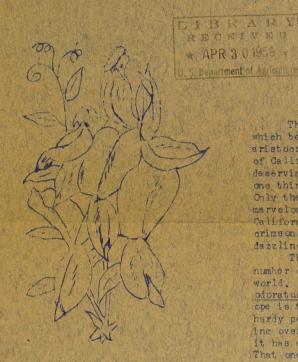
SISYRINCHIUM BELLUM "Blue-eyed Grass" 1/4 oz. 60%; oz. 22.00

STANLEYA PINNATA "Goldon Prince's Plume" 1/4 oz. 01.00; oz. 23.50

VICLA DOUGLASII "Mt. Yellow Viclet" 1/8 oz. 1.00; 1/4 oz. 21.75

"PETUNCULATA "Wild Pansy" "Johnny-jump-up" 1/4 oz. 21.00; 1/2 oz. 21.75; oz. 23.75

"PURPUREA "Pine Viclet" 1/8 oz. 75%; 1/4 oz. 21.25



WILD PEA ARIST OCRAT

There are a certain few wildflowers which belong undisputedly to the plant aristocracy. Lathyrus splendens, "Fride of California" or "Campo Pea" is surely deserving of high regard. Why? For just one thing, its unique deep crimson color. Only the darkest red rose possesses this marvelous, glowing shade. But "Fride of California" dangles masses of this velvety crimson among branches of small shrubs with dazzling effect for all who behold it.

The genus Lathyrus contains a large number of species distributed over the world. Italy gives us the "Sweetpea", L. adoratus, which is annual. Also from Europe is the wellknown "Everlasting Fea", a hardy perennial vine which is seen clambering over rockpiles and waste places where it has escaped from gardens in the East. That one is L. latifolius, rather coarse of rigid foliage and winged stems. It has

several color variations, but usually is rose_magenta or white. Bailey gives var.

splendens with darker flowers, saying it is sometimes confused with the species, L.

splendens, considered here. Another likely cause for confusion is the erroneous description of the flower color in both Bailev's Hortus and in his Standard Cyclopedia
of Horticulture. "Pale rose or violet" are not even lukewarm for this utterly different member of the group. I suspect the reason for such error is due to use of
purely dried specimens for study. I know from experience that they never retain the
true clorious dark red of the fresh flowers. Only a kodachrome could take the place
of actual sight of this many_stemmed vine when it bespangles the dark green dwarf
cats in early spring. The fortunate few who have seen it in nature will know that I
do not exaggerate at all.

In Southern Wifornia there exe saveral other species of Lathyrus, one of them hotanically close to the very restricted "Campo Fea". Their general appearance and habit are much alike, until at flowering time, from February, through March, April and even May, with a few June stragglers, one is startled into gasps of wonder at the feast of glowing beauty. L. splendens chooses steep rocky hillsides at between 3000 and 3500' elevation, along the southern border of San Diego County, and in Baja California adjacent to this. There the sun is hot and the soil dryish in late spring and summer. Consequently the foliage, which is neat and light green, becomes less verdant during its short resting period, until new stems arise with the caset of fall and winter rains. Typical pinnate leaflets of either linear or elliptic-ovate shape and with a tendril, which enables the vine to pull itself up to the clear, bright sunlight through the branches of its favorite support. When collecting pods from a hundred or more plants I have observed with some interest that at least 99% of them choose Quercus dumosa, Scrub or Chaparral Cak, for their strong-arm companions. Possibly these provide just the right amount of shade for the slow beginnings of the baby plants. Rarely a Sugarbush Sumac, Rhus ovata, does the honors.

This brings us to the subject of culture of L. splendens. Anyone who has handled the perennial types of Lathyrus knows they have long, deep seated roots which

resent disturbance at any age. For propagating, it is recommended that seed be used. Use small pots or cans, and plant one or two seeds about one half inch deep in each, filled with any neutral, porous soil. First soak these seeds in hot water for one to several days, then plant immediately. Keep lightly shaded and moist until sprouts show. This more light and sun, but do not allow the nots to dry out. Growth is rather slow at first, compared with that of garden or sweetpeas, but this compensated for later by ever-increasing size and number of 6-8' long climbing stems, and a few flowers by soring of the second year. Watch the little plants that they do not become rootbound, and transplant to permanent position in full sun without disturbing the rootball. It does not seem too important what time of year to start the seeds. Let your own climatic conditions govern that. With fall planting, as I have done using a two-pourd coffee can set beneath a small fruit tree, usually by February the surouts appear, and develop according to the spring weather. With a good start one is assured of a deep root system and some flowers by the third year if not soonor. The vines would be superb over a sunny fence or a low stone wall. After the first season they should require practically no attention.

An experienced grower of Southern California natives told me that he does not have many reports on the behavior of this plant elsewhere in the country beyond its habitat. Several vines that he planted quite a distance farther north in the state have bloomed every year for the past ten years, and most important, maintained their remarkable dark color. Several interested gardeners and betanic gardens such

as the Bailey Hortorium at Ithaca, New York, are testing the plant.

The flowers of "Campo Pea" are huge, between 11 to 2" long. The banner is bent back on nearly a straight line with the keel, showing a wide-open mouth. There are about a dozen of these to each trues, this having long stoms. A bouquet is some thing special! If transplanted fairly deeply, and mulched for coldest winter regions, it should prove hardy. For that first year of infancy it is worth close watching.

Bhough sood is available for the constant demand. For a reason not apparent, this species is not always a good "accder". It ripens its long, roundish peds irregularly over a very long period. Large, healthy wild pants which provide glori-ous displays of spring flowers, more often than not are later completely barren of scodpods. Unloss one could be near enough to examine their stage of maturity at least wookly, it will romain one of the costly wild aged crops for a collector. like many kinds, Lathyrus bods must be collected when "just right". Birds and Moth_ or Nature are on the job at that right moment also; in fact, the birds get there a little prematurely. Often they pick out every seed just before the day of therely dry condition, when a forceful explosion twists the believe of the gods in opposite directions, scattering the black and olive_speckled seeds many feet distant. Nature continues these squeeze tactics until each brown pod is tightly curled like's twin oie's tail. The wise birds out into the sides of the slightly unripe peds and do a thorough toh of cleaning up many a promising vine which one has reached after arduous climbing, crawline and sweating, all for nothing. Once disseminated, hungry hordes of the understory world have their turn on the ground. But it seems there are just, enough seeds escape to insure future replacements of those very long-lived plants.

All who have seen "Pride of California" love it intensely, and readily understand the origin of this popular name in addition to the one given for the vill lage. Campo. in the heart of its habitat.

(Written by Elsie Wehh Cisler, Published in HORTIQUITURE, November, 1950.).